Summary of the City of Philadelphia Anti-idling Requirements

The applicable sections of the Traylic Code and Air Management Regulation 1X are noted inside the brackets.

 If the temperature is Above 20° F, vehicles may idle up to 3 minutes [12-1127(1)]. (Less than 20° F, vehicles do not have any time restrictions)[12-1127(1)(a)].

The Exemptions are:

- a) Emergency or Public Utility vehicles performing emergency work or maintenance [12-1127(1)(b)].
- b) Vehicles engaged in public road repairs or maintenance for a governmental entity [12-1127(1)(c)].
- c) Vehicles being serviced, for which idling is part of the service
 [12-1127(1)(d].
- d) Vehicles that must idle to operate mechanical equipment other than vehicle heater and air conditioners [12-1127(1)(e)].
- e) Vehicles in trc ; fic [12-127(1)(f)].

following regulations:

- a) At a terminal point (i.e. a regular stopping point, not only the end of the the line).
- when the temperature is above 40° F vehicles may idle up to 5 minutes [12-1172(2)].
- b) when the temperature is 40° F or less, the vehicle may idle indefinitely.
- c) when the temperature is above 75° F buses equipped with air conditioning and non-operable windows may idle up to 20 consecutive minutes [AM Reg. IX (III) A3].
- d) If a specific law requires them to maintain a certain passenger temperature, then vehicles may idle in excess of 5 minutes to the minimum extent necessary to comply with such law [121-1127(2)(c)].





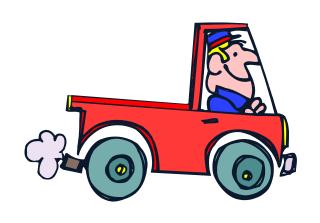




For further information please contact the Facility Compliance Unit at: 215-685-7580.











Save Money - Don't Idle Your Profits Away!

Idling wastes fuel and money

- A typical truck burns approximately one gallon of diesel fuel for each hour it idles.

Idling causes excessive engine wear

- Running an engine at low speed (idling) causes twice the wear on internal parts compared to driving at regular speeds. Idling one hour a day results in engine wear equivalent to driving 64,000 miles per year.
- Engine wear can shorten the life of the engine and increase maintenance costs by almost \$2,000 per year.

Protect Your Health - Be A Good Neighbor!

Idling poses health risks to drivers and other people close by

 While sitting in the cab, drivers are exposed to the truck's pollution more so than when the truck is moving.
 Harmful diesel exhaust also impacts surrounding neighborhoods.

Diesel exhaust can be unhealthy to breathe

 Diesel exhaust contains poisonous carbon monoxide and small particles of smoke which are toxic and can cause lung damage, respiratory problems, premature death, and lung cancer.

Idling causes air pollution

 Idling trucks release significant amounts of smog forming chemicals, sulfur dioxide, air toxics, carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide.

Protect the Environment

Air pollution affects the environment

- Air emissions from idling increase smog, airborne particulates, regional haze, acid rain, and climate change in the city and the region.

Do Your Share to Clean Air. Turn Off Your Engine!